

SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with 1907/2006/EC (REACH, as amended by 2015/830/EU) 29 CFR 1910.1200 and WHMIS 2015

Revision date: 9 November 2017 Initial date of issue: 6 July 2007 SDS No. 231A-14

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

ARC 791 (Part A) (GY)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

ARC Polymer Composite. Repairs damage caused by impact, abrasion or erosion.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

Supplier:

A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY

860 Salem Street

Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA

Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785

(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST)

SDS requests: www.chesterton.com

E-mail (SDS questions): ProductMSDSs@chesterton.com

E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com

Canada: A.W. Chesterton Company Ltd., 889 Fraser Drive, Unit 105, Burlington, Ontario L7L 4X8 – Tel. 905-335-5055

EU: Chesterton International GmbH, Am Lenzenfleck 23,

D85737 Ismaning, Germany - Tel. +49-89-996-5460

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week

Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053

Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect) NSW Poisons Information Centre (Australia): 13 11 26

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Skin Irrit. 2, H315

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Skin Sens. 1, H317

Muta. 2, H341

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

2.1.2. Australian statement of hazardous nature

Hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

2.1.3. Additional information

For full text of H-statements: see SECTIONS 2.2 and 16.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Hazard pictograms:





Signal word:

Warning

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Hazard statements:	H315 H319 H317 H341 H411	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements:	P201 P202 P264 P272 P273 P280 P302/352 P305/351/338 P308/313 P362/364 P391 P501	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Collect spillage. Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Supplemental information:	None	

Supplemental information: None

2.3. Other hazards

The safety and health hazards are detailed separately by part. Upon machining, refer to the precautions in the safety data sheets for Part A and Part B.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures				
Hazardous Ingredients ¹	% W t.	CAS No./ EC No.	REACH Reg. No.	CLP/GHS Classification
Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	70-80	25068-38-6 500-033-5	NA	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
2,3-Epoxypropyl o-tolyl ether	15-25	2210-79-9 218-645-3	NA	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Other ingredients: Titanium dioxide	3-5	01-211948 9379-17	NA	Not classified**

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16. *Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

¹ Classified according to: * 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F), California Proposition 65

* 1272/2008/EC, GHS, REACH

* WHMIS 2015

* Safe Work Australia

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Wash clothing before reuse. Contact physician if

irritation persists.

Eye contact: Flush eyes for at least 15 minutes with large amounts of water. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Contact physician immediately.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with

the product while providing aid to the victim. See section 8 for recommendations on personal

protective equipment.

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4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Moderate eye and skin irritant. May cause skin sensitization (possible rash, hives). Inhalation may cause irritation to nose, throat and respiratory tract.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water fog

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Thermal decomposition may produce Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, aldehydes and other toxic fumes.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Flammability Classification: -

HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code: 2 Z

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Scoop up and transfer to a suitable container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid all direct contact. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing. Contaminated leather including shoes cannot be decontaminated and should be discarded. Avoid creating and breathing dust during removal, drilling, grinding, sawing or sanding.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry area.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

OSHA ppm	MPEL ¹ mg/m ³	ACGI ppm	H TLV ² mg/m ³	UK V ppm	NEL ³ mg/m ³	AUSTR. ppm	ALIA ES ⁴ mg/m ³
-	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
-	15	-	10	(total) (resp)	10 4	-	10
			ppm mg/m³ ppm – – – – – –	ppm mg/m ³ ppm mg/m ³	ppm mg/m³ ppm mg/m³ ppm - - - - - - - - - - - - - 15 - 10 (total)	ppm mg/m³ ppm mg/m³ ppm mg/m³ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 15 - 10 (total) 10	ppm mg/m³ ppm mg/m³ ppm - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 15 - 10 (total) 10 -

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- ¹ United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits
- ² American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values
- ³ EH40 Workplace exposure limits, Health & Safety Executive
- ⁴ Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003]

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

Workers

Substance	Route of exposure	Potential health effects	DNEL
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	Chronic effects	10 mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

Substance	Environmental protection target	PNEC
Titanium dioxide	Fresh water	0.184 mg/l
	Marine water	0.0184 mg/l
	Water	0.193 mg/l
	Freshwater sediments	1,000 mg/kg
	Marine sediments	100 mg/kg
	Microorganisms in sewage treatment	100 mg/l
	Soil (agricultural)	100 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering measures

If exposure limits are exceeded, provide adequate ventilation. If it is necessary to alter the final cured product such that dust may be generated, use adequate dust extraction or damp down.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. If exposure limits are exceeded, use an approved particulate dust respirator.

Protective gloves: Chemical resistant gloves (e.g., nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, neoprene, PVC)

Eye and face protection: Safety goggles.

Other: Impervious clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	viscous liquid	Odour	sweet odor
Colour	gray .	Odour threshold	not determined
Initial boiling point	not determined	Vapour pressure @ 20°C	not determined
Melting point	not determined	% Aromatics by weight	0%
% Volatile (by volume)	0%	pH	not applicable
Flash point	143°C (290°F)	Relative density	1.14-1.18 kg/l
Method	PM Closed Cup	Weight per volume	9.5-9.8 lbs/gal.
Viscosity	2700 cps @ 25°C	Coefficient (water/oil)	< 1
Autoignition temperature	not applicable	Vapour density (air=1)	> 1
Decomposition temperature	not determined	Rate of evaporation (ether=1)	< 1
Upper/lower flammability	not applicable	Solubility in water	insoluble
or explosive limits			

not applicable Flammability (solid, gas) **Oxidising properties** not determined **Explosive properties** not determined

9.2. Other information

None

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable

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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids/bases and strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, aldehydes and other toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Primary route of exposure under normal use:

Inhalation, skin and eye contact. Personnel with pre-existing skin or lung allergies may be

aggravated by exposure.

Acute toxicity -

Oral: Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met. Ingestion may result

in mouth, throat and gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Substance	Test	Result
Epoxy resin (number average molecular	LD50, rat	11,400 mg/kg
weight <= 700)		
2,3-Epoxypropyl o-tolyl ether	LD50, rat	5,800 mg/kg

Dermal:

Substance	Test	Result
Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	LD50, rabbit	> 2,000 mg/kg
2,3-Epoxypropyl o-tolyl ether	LD50, rabbit (OECD 402)	> 2,000 mg/kg

Inhalation: Inhalation may cause irritation to nose, throat and respiratory tract.

Substance	Test	Result
Epoxy resin (number average molecular	LC50, rat, 5-8 h	No mortality at vapor
weight <= 700)		saturation level
2,3-Epoxypropyl o-tolyl ether	LC50 inhalation, rat, 4 h	1,220 ppm

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Causes skin irritation.

Substance	Test	Result
Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Skin irritation, rabbit	Moderate irritation
2,3-Epoxypropyl o-tolyl ether	Skin irritation, human experience	Severe irritation

Serious eye damage/ irritation:

Causes serious eye irritation.

Substance	Test	Result
Epoxy resin (number average molecular	Eye irritation, rabbit	Mild irritation /
weight <= 700)		Moderate irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

May cause skin sensitization as evidenced by rashes or hives.

Substance	Test	Result
Epoxy resin (number average molecular	Skin sensitization, guinea	Sensitizing
weight <= 700)	pig	
2,3-Epoxypropyl o-tolyl ether	Skin sensitization, human experience	Sensitizing

Germ cell mutagenicity:

2,3-Epoxypropyl o-tolyl ether is mutagenic (changes in genetic systems) in some laboratory tests. Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700), Titanium dioxide: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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Carcinogenicity: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has designated inhaled titanium dioxide as

possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B). The titanium dioxide in this product does not separate from the mixture or in of itself become air-borne, therefore it does not present a hazard in normal use. Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700): based on available data, the

classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity: Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700): based on available data, the classification

criteria are not met. Prolonged and repeated exposure to 2,3-Epoxypropyl O-tolyl Ether may cause

reproductive disorders (birth defects/sterility), data lacking.

STOT-single exposure: Not expected to cause toxicity.

STOT-repeated exposure:

Substance	Test	Result
Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Sub-chronic NOAEL, oral, 90 days, rat, male / female (OECD 408)	50 mg/kg
Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Sub-chronic NOAEL, dermal, 90 days, rat, male / female (OECD 411)	10 mg/kg
Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	Sub-chronic NOAEL, dermal, 90 days, mouse, male (OECD 411)	100 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Sub-chronic NOAEL, oral, 90 days, rat (OECD 408)	1,000 mg/kg

Aspiration hazard: Not classified as an aspiration toxicant.

Other information: None known

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

12.1. Toxicity

2,3-Epoxypropyl o-tolyl ether and Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700) are toxic to aquatic organisms and may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment (LC50/EC50 between 1 and 10 mg/l in the most sensitive species).

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700), 2,3-Epoxypropyl o-tolyl ether: not readily biodegradable. Unreacted components (Parts A and B), improperly released to the environment, can cause ground and water pollution.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700): log Kow = 2.64-3.8, low potential for bioaccumulation. 2,3-Epoxypropyl o-tolyl ether: log Kow = 2.5, low potential for bioaccumulation.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Viscous liquid. Insoluble in water. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9). Epoxy resin: if product enters soil, it will be mobile and may contaminate groundwater.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not available

12.6. Other adverse effects

None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Unreacted components are a special waste (classified as hazardous according to 2008/98/EC). Combine resin and curative. The final cured material is considered nonhazardous. Landfill sealed containers with stabilized and solidified liquids in an approved area. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: UN3082
TDG: UN3082
US DOT: UN3082

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXY RESIN)
TDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXY RESIN)
US DOT: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXY RESIN)

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: 9
TDG: 9
US DOT: 9

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: III
TDG: III
US DOT: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

MARINE POLLUTANT

14.6. Special precautions for user

NO SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

NOT APPLICABLE

14.8. Other information

US DOT: ERG NO.171.

May be shipped as NON-RESTRICTED in non-bulk packagings (119 gallons or less) by motor vehicle, rail car or aircraft. (49 CFR 171.4(c))

(49 CFR 171.4 IMDG: EmS. F-A, S-F

May be shipped as NON-RESTRICTED in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less. (IMDG CODE Amendment 37-14, 2.10.2.7)

ICAO/IATA: May be shipped as NON-RESTRICTED in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less.(IATA Dangerous Goods Regulation 56th edition, 4.4 Special Provisions A197)

ADR: Classification code M6 Tunnel restriction code (E)

May be shipped as NON-RESTRICTED in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less. (ADR 2015 Volume 1, Chapter 3.3 Special Provisions 375)

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU regulations

Authorisations under Title VII: Not applicable

Restrictions under Title VIII: None

Other EU regulations: Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Directive 92/85/EEC on the safety and

health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding.

15.1.2. National regulations

US EPA SARA TITLE III

312 Hazards: 313 Chemicals:

Immediate None

Delayed

Other national National implementations of the EC Directives referred to in section 15.1.1.

regulations:

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

and acronyms: ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF: Bioconcentration Factor

cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity point Estimate

CLP: Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation (1272/2008/EC)

ES: Exposure Standard

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

N/A: Not Applicable NA: Not Available

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL: No Observed Effect Level

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance (Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (1907/2006/EC)

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure

TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TWA: Time Weighted Average

US DOT: United States Department of Transportation vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative substance

WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

Key literature references Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST)

and sources for data:

Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID) European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals

Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Swedish Chemicals Agency (KEMI)

U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] / GHS:

Classification	Classification procedure
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Bridging principle "Dilution"
Muta. 2, H341	Bridging principle "Dilution"
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Relevant H-statements: H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictogram names: Health hazard, exclamation mark, environment

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Sections 3, 4.1.

Date of last revision: 9 November 2017

Further information: None

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.

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